

Richmond Hill

Richmond Hill in Yadkin (formerly Surry) County was the home of former North Carolina Chief Justice Richmond Mumford Pearson. Judge Pearson conducted a private Law School here for approximately 30 years, 1848 until his death in 1878. Over 1000 students including 6 state Supreme Court justices, 3 U.S. representatives and 3 state governors attended school here. Classes were held in a modest building (no longer in existence) on the west side of the grounds or he simply under the trees on this property. Students lived on tiny log huts or boarded with local families.

This brick home, build in the mid-later 1800s was restored in the 1970s and the surrounding 30 acres have been turned into the Historic Richmond Hill Nature Park. Richmond Hill is a part of the North Carolina Civil War Trails. Judge Pearson who was opposed to secession even though he owned slaves, became known throughout state because of his rulings against the conscription of men into the Confederate Army.

Richmond Hill Nature Park is open from dawn to dusk.

This site, a part of the "Geocaching for History" program, was researched and placed by the Mount Airy Museum of Regional History in partnership with Blue Cross Blue Shield North Carolina Foundation and the North Carolina Humanities Council. The goal of this program is to encourage physical activity and exploration of the history of our community.





Richmond Mumford Pearson
The Fifth Chief Justice



RICHMOND HILL

Estate and Law School of
Richmond M. Pearson
 Chief Justice of the N.C. Supreme Court, Teacher,
 Champion of Freedom and the Rule of Law

THE MAN

Richmond M. Pearson moved to Yadkin from Davie County, N.C., about 1848, just before his election by the legislature to the North Carolina Supreme Court. Pearson served on the Court for 29 years, 19 of them as Chief Justice. His tenure encompassed the years of the Civil War and Reconstruction and his decisions were both far-reaching and controversial.



Pearson was opposed to secession. During the Civil War he strictly interpreted the laws and staunchly defended individual rights. Supported by Governor Zebulon

Vance, he brought discomfort to the Confederate Government by his use of the writ of *habeas corpus* to free men he believed illegally conscripted into the army. During Reconstruction, Pearson wisely refused to invoke a posse comitatus, a group of armed citizens, when Republican Governor William W. Holden refused to enforce Pearson's writ to free imprisoned Conservatives. Nearly impeached because of his refusal, Pearson then presided over the impeachment trial of the Governor, resulting in the first removal of a state governor in America.

While sitting on the Supreme Court, Pearson conducted a law school here at Richmond Hill. He is said to have taught over a thousand students and many of them became distinguished attorneys and jurists. He was renowned for his unstructured style of instruction and for holding class outdoors on the estate. On his way to Raleigh to open the 1878 term of the Supreme Court, Pearson was stricken and fell unconscious in his carriage. He was carried to the old Wilson Hotel in Winston, where he died.



THE ESTATE

The original log house stood southeast of the present brick house, which was built about 1861 for Pearson's second wife, Mary McDowell Bynum. A separate kitchen once stood to the west of the main building. Log cabins inhabited by the law students were scattered about the estate.

By the late 1960's the house had been uninhabited for many years and was badly deteriorated. At this time a program of restoration was initiated by the Yadkin County Historical Society and others.



The house in disrepair in the 1930's.

Funds came from Federal, State and local governments, as well as from foundations, businesses, and individuals. The house has now been fully restored and is furnished with period furniture, some donated by Pearson family descendants. Additional furnishings are still needed. The house and grounds are now the Historic Richmond Hill Nature Park managed by a commission appointed by the County of Yadkin.



Interior and exterior views of the house in ruins in the late 1930's.



The red brick house in the 1930s at Yadkin County in Richmond Hill.

HISTORIC RICHMOND HILL NATURE PARK

Open to the public by Yadkin County Historical Society, Yadkin County, NC.

Historic Richmond Hill Nature Park

The historic house is open to the public. Admission is free. The park is open from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily. The address is 1000 N. Main Street, Yadkin, NC 27055.

The park is open to the public.

To contact the Historic Richmond Hill Nature Park, call (704) 738-1111.

Page 1 of 1

Nature Park Trail Guide



ADMISSION: \$5.00
 The historic house is open to the public. Admission is free. The park is open from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily. The address is 1000 N. Main Street, Yadkin, NC 27055.